IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of

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ERIC P. FUNKE

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Serial No.

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Filed: CONCURRENTLY

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A UNIT FOR AND METHOD OF VIDEO SIGNAL ENHANCEMENT AND

IMAGE DISPLAY APPARATUS PROVIDED WITH SUCH A VIDEO SIGNAL

ENHANCEMENT UNIT

Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

AUTHORIZATION PURSUANT TO 37 CFR §1.136(a)(3) AND TO CHARGE DEPOSIT ACCOUNT

Sir:

The Commissioner is hereby requested and authorized to treat any concurrent or future reply in this application requiring a petition for extension of time for its timely submission, as incorporating a petition for extension of time for the appropriate length of time.

Please charge any additional fees which may now or in the future be required in this application, including extension of time fees, but excluding the issue fee unless explicitly requested to do so, and credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 14-1270.

> Respectful 2 submitted,

Michael E. Marion, Reg. 32,266

Atterney

(914) 333-9641

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Bescheinigung

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Attestation

Die angehefteten Unterlagen stimmen mit der ursprünglich eingereichten Fassung der auf dem nächsten Blatt bezeichneten europäischen Patentanmeldung überein.

The attached documents are exact copies of the European patent application conformes à la version described on the following page, as originally filed.

Les documents fixés à cette attestation sont initialement déposée de la demande de brevet européen spécifiée à la page suivante.

Patentanmeldung Nr. Patent application No. Demande de brevet n°

01200840.5

Der Präsident des Europäischen Patentamts; Im Auftrag

For the President of the European Patent Office

Le Président de l'Office européen des brevets

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Blatt 2 der Bescheinigung Sheet 2 of the certificate Page 2 de l'attestation

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Applicant(s): Demandeur(s):

Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V.

5621 BA Eindhoven

NETHERLANDS

Bezeichnung der Erfindung: Title of the invention: Titre de l'invention:

A unit and method of signal enhancement and image display apparatus provided with such a video signal enhancement

In Anspruch genommene Prioriät(en) / Priority(ies) claimed / Priorité(s) revendiquée(s)

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A unit and method of video signal enhancement and image display apparatus provided with such a video signal enhancement unit

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The invention relates to a video signal enhancement unit comprising:

- a pixel counter for generating a count of pixels representative of the number of pixels that occur within a predetermined period of time and which have video signal levels that are higher than a predetermined video level, and
- a processing unit for modifying contrast of the video signal in dependence on the count of pixels.

The invention further relates to an image display apparatus provided with:

- receiving means for receiving a video signal;
- a display device for displaying images represented by the video signal; and
- a video signal enhancement unit comprising:
- a pixel counter for generating a count of pixels representative of the number of pixels that occur within a predetermined period of time and which have video signal levels that are higher than a predetermined video level, and
- a processing unit for modifying contrast of the video signal in dependence on the pixel count.

The invention further relates to a method of video signal enhancement comprising:

- a first step to generate a count of pixels representative of the number of pixels that occur within a predetermined period of time and which have video signal levels that are higher than a predetermined video level; and
- a second step to modify contrast of the video signal in dependence on the count of pixels.
- A unit of the kind described in the opening paragraph is known from United States Patent 5,422,680.

In this unit the amplitude range of the picture signal can be divided into a number of histogram segments, whereafter it is determined by means of a measurement per histogram segment how often a pixel value or how long the picture signal occurs with an



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amplitude in the relevant histogram segment. Subsequently, the picture signal is processed by a non-linear unit having a transfer characteristic which is based on the integral of the histogram: per histogram segment the picture signal is amplified by a factor which depends on the contents of the relevant measured histogram segment.

A drawback of the unit is that it requires relatively many elements per histogram segment, i.e. pixels, in order to determine an accurate transfer characteristic. This results in a delay of at least one field. Other disadvantages of this unit are its complexity and its costs. Analyzing the video signal, storing several intermediate results, i.e. a histogram, and calculating a transfer characteristic based the histogram requires relatively many components.

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It is a first object of the invention to provide a video signal enhancement unit of the kind described in the opening paragraph that has a relatively fast time response.

It is a second object of the invention to provide an image display apparatus comprising such a video signal enhancement unit.

It is a third object of the invention to provide a method of video signal enhancement of the kind described in the opening paragraph resulting in a relatively fast time response.

The first object of the invention is achieved in that the video signal enhancement unit is characterized in that the predetermined period of time, during which the count of pixels is determined, is a number of times shorter than one video field interval.

Because this predetermined period of time is relatively short the pixel counter can already start to generate control pulses for contrast modification after having analyzed only a portion of a video field. The latency is less than one video field. The video signal is taken to the desired level in a period of time that is hardly noticeable by the observer of the images, represented by the video signal. In the prior art a longer period of time is used in order to have more data to control the processing, which might be more accurate. Another advantage of the video signal enhancement unit according to the invention is that it can be made with relatively few, e.g. standard components like an EPLD (Erasable Programmable Logic Device).

An embodiment of the video signal enhancement unit according to the invention comprising:



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- a contrast counter designed to provide control input for the processing unit and for storing a contrast count that is decreased each time the count of pixels exceeds a predefined threshold; and connected to the contrast counter, and

- a trigger means designed to generates pulses, resulting in an increase of the contrast count.

The contrast counter is a kind of integrator that stabilizes the contrast modifications to apply. The current state of the video signal enhancement unit is based on results from previous analyses of pixel values and on previous contrast increase pulses. The transition to a next state is based on the current state and on the analyses of pixel values as performed in the last predetermined period of time or on the most recent contrast increase pulse.

In an embodiment of the video signal enhancement unit according to the invention, comprising a contrast counter and trigger means the trigger means is arranged to generate a pulse every video field. The trigger means generates contrast increase pulses independent from the operation of the pixel counter. The result is that the two controls, i.e. pixel counter for contrast decrease and trigger means for contrast increase, are de-correlated. The trigger means generates contrast increase pulses synchronized with the displaying of video fields. The frequencies of displaying fields and generating contrast increase pulses are mutual equal.

An embodiment of the video signal enhancement unit according to the invention comprises, coupled to the contrast counter, a contrast comparator to limit the contrast count to a maximum contrast value. To prevent saturation of cathodes or blooming on Cathode Ray Tubes (CRTs) or even overloading of power supplies the video signal should not be amplified too much. In the case of Plasma Display Panels (PDPs) a too much amplified video signal can result in clipping, i.e. pixels are displaying the maximum possible luminance value.

In an embodiment of the video signal enhancement unit according to the invention the maximum contrast value is controllable. This embodiment comprises means to control the maximum amplification, i.e. contrast modification. It might be that the various users of the video signal enhancement unit have different preferences concerning optimal video enhancement.

An embodiment of the video signal enhancement unit according to the invention comprises a contrast comparator that controls the trigger means to stop generating



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pulses when the contrast count has reached the controllable maximum contrast value. When the contrast count has reached that level, it is of no use to continue with generating pulses.

The second object of the invention is achieved in that the image display apparatus is provided with a video signal enhancement unit being characterized in that the predetermined period of time, during which the count of pixels is determined, is a number of times shorter than one video field interval.

The third object of the invention is achieved in that with the method of video signal enhancement the predetermined period of time, during which the count of pixels is determined, is a number of times shorter than one video field interval.

These and other aspects of the video signal enhancement unit and of the image display apparatus according to the invention will become apparent from and will be elucidated with reference with respect to the implementations and embodiments described hereinafter and with reference to the accompanying drawings, wherein:

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- Fig. 1 schematically shows an embodiment of the video signal enhancement unit; and
 - Fig. 2 shows elements of an image display apparatus.

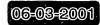
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- Fig. 1 schematically shows an embodiment of the video signal enhancement unit 100. The video signal enhancement unit 100 comprises:
- a pixel counter 104 for generating a count of pixels representative of the number of pixels hat occur within a predetermined period of time and which have video signal levels that are higher than a predetermined video level.
- a processing unit 102 for modifying contrast of the video signal in dependence on the count of pixels.
- a contrast counter 112 designed to provide control input for the processing unit 102 and for storing a contrast count that is decreased each time the count of pixels exceeds a predefined threshold.
- a trigger means 114 to generates a pulse in order to increase the contrast count.
- a contrast comparator 116 able to limit the contrast count to a maximum contrast value.





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The data flow through and control signals of the signal enhancement unit 100 are described below. The video signal enters the video signal enhancement unit 100 at the input connector 120. The processing unit 102 multiplies the incoming video signal with a gain that is linearly related to the contrast count 126, that is between 1 and a controllable maximum contrast value, CM. The output of the video signal enhancement unit 100 is an enhanced video signal, i.e. with a modified contrast. The video signal enhancement unit 100 provides the output on the connector 122. The controllable maximum contrast value is stored in the contrast comparator 116, which can be optional, and can be adjusted via the input 118 of the contrast comparator 116. The video signal is analyzed by the pixel counter 104. The pixel counter 104 comprises a filter 106, an overflow detector 108 and an overflow counter 110. The filter 106 filters the video signal to extract only those parts from the video signal that represent valid pixels. The overflow detector 108 detects whether the value of the current pixel exceeds a predefined pixel level threshold, PL_{th} , and generates a pulse each time that this occurs. The overflow counter 110 counts the pulses generated by the overflow detector 108. The overflow counter 110 holds the count of pixels. When the count of pixels exceeds a pre-selected count of pixels threshold, CP_{th} , the overflow counter 110 resets and gives a contrast decrease pulse 124 to the contrast counter 112. The contrast counter 112 holds the value of the contrast count 128, CC, and provides this value to the contrast comparator 116. So, every P pixels, with P larger than the count of pixels threshold, CP_{th} , with a pixel value higher than the pixel level threshold, PL_{th} , the contrast count, CC, is decreased. In pseudo language this can be expressed with:

if
$$PL > PL_{th}$$
 then $CP := CP+1$; (1)

if
$$CP > CP_{th}$$
 then {CC := CC-1; CP := 0;} (2)

The trigger means 114 is arranged to generate a contrast increase pulse 130 at the beginning of every video field. This contrast increase pulse 130 is consumed by the contrast counter 112, which adapts the contrast count 126 accordingly. In pseudo language this can be expressed with:

if
$$(t = t0+k*T_{field})$$
 then $CC := CC+DeltaC;$ (3)

Note that the absolute value of the contrast increase, caused by a contrast increase pulse 130 might differ from the absolute value of the contrast decrease, caused by a contrast decrease pulse 124. In equation: DeltaC \neq 1.

When the contrast comparator 116 detects that the contrast count 128 is at the level of the controllable maximum contrast value, CM, then the contrast comparator 116





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controls the trigger means 114 to stop generating contrast increase pulses 130. This control is arranged via connection 132 between the contrast comparator 116 and the trigger means 114. Expression 3 should be rewritten as:

if
$$(t == t0+k*T_{field} && CC < CM)$$
 then $CC := CC+DeltaC;$ (4)

When the contrast count is below a predefined threshold, the contrast comparator 116 controls the trigger means 114 to start generating increase pulses 130 again.

The dynamic behavior of the video signal enhancement unit 100, i.e. the process of contrast modification can be explained with the following use-case. Suppose all pixels are below PL_{th} . Then the count of pixels will never exceed the count of pixels threshold, CP_{th} , and consequently the overflow counter 110 will never give a contrast decrease pulse 124 to the contrast counter 112. However, as long as the maximum contrast value is not reached yet, every field, $t=t_0+k^*T_{field}$, the trigger means 114 generates a contrast increase pulse 130. The result is that the contrast of the video signal is enhanced. This process of increasing the contrast continues until the level of the video signal, i.e. pixel levels, start exceeding the pixel level threshold, PL_{th} . Then the overflow detector 108 starts generating pulses, and eventually the overflow counter 110 will give contrast decrease pulses 124 to the contrast counter 112. At that moment the video signal enhancement unit 100 reaches the equilibrium state: the contrast decrease pulses in one field match the contrast increase pulse per field. Note that a contrast decrease pulse 124 will only be generated in case of overflow. It might be e.g. in the case of a dark scene and a low maximum contrast value that the pixel level threshold, PL_{th} is never exceeded.

Fig. 2 shows elements of an image display apparatus 200 according to the invention. The image display apparatus 200 has a receiving means 202 for receiving a video signal representing the images to be displayed. The signal may be a broadcast signal received via an antenna or cable but may also be a signal from a storage device like a VCR (Video Cassette Recorder) or DVD (Digital Versatile Disk). The data may be conform to a digital standard like DVI (Digital Visual Interface). The image display apparatus 200 further has a video signal enhancement unit 204 for processing the video signal and a display device 206 for displaying the images represented by the processed video signal. The video signal enhancement unit 204 is implemented as described in Fig. 1.

It should be noted that the above-mentioned embodiments illustrate rather than limit the invention and that those skilled in the art will be able to design alternative embodiments without departing from the scope of the appended claims. In the claims, any











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reference signs placed between parentheses shall not be constructed as limiting the claim. The word 'comprising' does not exclude the presence of elements or steps not listed in a claim. The word "a" or "an" preceding an element does not exclude the presence of a plurality of such elements. The invention can be implemented by means of hardware comprising several distinct elements and by means of a suitable programmed computer. In the unit claims enumerating several means, several of these means can be embodied by one and the same item of hardware.





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CLAIMS:

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- 1. A video signal enhancement unit (100) comprising:
- a pixel counter (104) for generating a count of pixels representative of the number of pixels that occur within a predetermined period of time and which have video signal levels that are higher than a predetermined video level, and
- a processing unit (102) for modifying contrast of the video signal in dependence on the count of pixels, characterized in that the predetermined period of time, during which the count of pixels is determined, is a number of times shorter than one video field interval.
- 10 2. A video signal enhancement unit (100) as claimed in Claim 1, characterized in comprising:
 - a contrast counter (112) designed to provide control input for the processing unit (102) and for storing a contrast count that is decreased each time the count of pixels exceeds a predefined threshold; and connected to the contrast counter (112), and
 - a trigger means (114) designed to generates pulses, resulting in an increase of the contrast count.
 - 3. A video signal enhancement unit (100) as claimed in Claim 2, characterized in that the trigger means (114) is arranged to generate the pulse every video field.
 - 4. A video signal enhancement unit (100) as claimed in Claim 2, characterized in comprising, coupled to the contrast counter (112), a contrast comparator (116) able to limit the contrast count to a maximum contrast value.
- 5. A video signal enhancement unit (100) as claimed in Claim 4, characterized in that the maximum contrast value is controllable.



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- 6. A video signal enhancement unit (100) as claimed in Claim 4, characterized in that the contrast comparator (116) is able to control the trigger means (114) to stop generating pulses when the contrast count has reached the maximum contrast value.
- 5 7. An image display apparatus (200) provided with:
 - receiving means (202) for receiving a video signal;
 - display device (206) for displaying images represented by the video signal; and
 - video signal enhancement unit (100) comprising:
- pixel counter (104) for generating a count of pixels representative of the number of pixels that occur within a predetermined period of time and which have video signal levels that are higher than a predetermined video level, and
 - processing unit (102) for modifying contrast of the video signal in dependence on the pixel count, characterized in that the predetermined period of time, during which the count of pixels is determined is a number of times shorter than one video field interval.
 - 8. An image display apparatus (200) as claimed in Claim 7, characterized in that the video signal enhancement unit (100) comprises a trigger means (114) and a contrast counter (112) designed to provide control input for the processing unit (102) and for storing a contrast count that is decreased each time the count of pixels exceeds a predefined threshold, and that is increased each time the trigger means (114) generates a pulse.
- 9. An image display apparatus (200) as claimed in Claim 8, characterized in that the trigger means (114) is arranged to generate a pulse every video field.
 - 10. An image display apparatus (200) as claimed in Claim 8, characterized in that the video signal enhancement unit (100) comprises, coupled to the contrast counter (112), a contrast comparator (116) able to limit the contrast count to a maximum contrast value.
 - 11. A method of video signal enhancement comprising:
 - a first step to generate a count of pixels representative of the number of pixels that occur within a predetermined period of time and which have video signal levels that are higher than a predetermined video level; and











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_ a second step to modify contrast of the video signal in dependence on the count of pixels, characterized in that the predetermined period of time, during which the count of pixels is determined, is a number of times shorter than one video field interval.





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ABSTRACT:





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The video signal enhancement unit (100) and the image display apparatus containing the unit have a processing unit (102) for contrast modification of the video signal. The processing unit (102) receives input data from a contrast counter (112), designed to store a contrast count. The contrast count is decreased by a pixel counter (104) each time the total number of pixels, that occur within a predetermined period of time and which have video signal levels that are higher than a predetermined video level, exceeds a predefined threshold. This predetermined period of time is a number of times shorter than one video field interval. The contrast count is increased each time a trigger means (114) generates a pulse. A contrast comparator (116) can be coupled to the contrast counter (112) to limit the contrast count to a maximum contrast value.

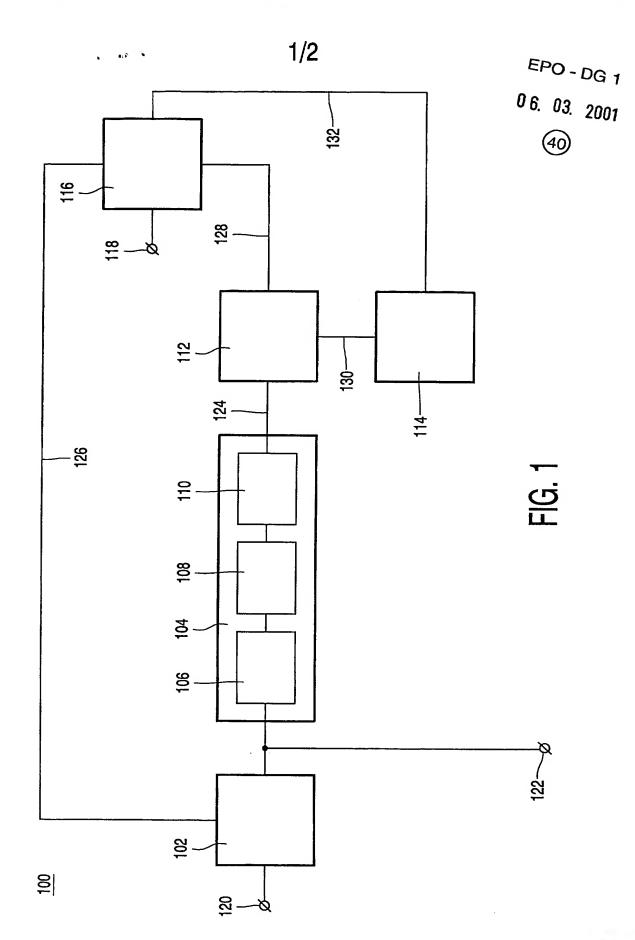
Fig. 1

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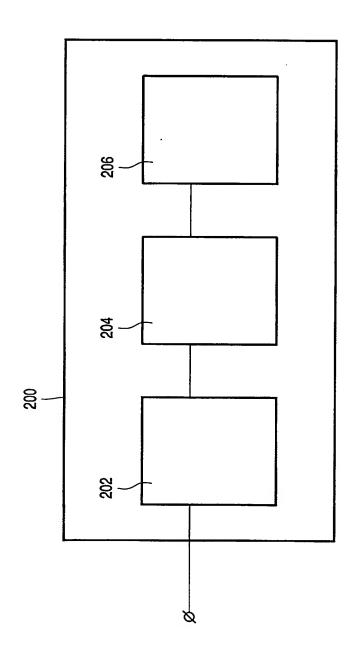


FIG. 2